

	Year 3: Science Overview 2023-2024						
Торіс	ppic <u>Autumn</u> Forces of Nature			Spring Pharaohs and Pyramids		<u>Summer</u> Here and There	
Main focus	Volcanoes and Earthquakes	Ancient Egypt	The Water Cycle	Stone Age to iron Age	Uk and Amazon Rainforest	A local History Study	
Knowledge Plants Skeletal system Rocks Light Forces and Magnets	Rocks, fossils and Soils Compare and group together different kinds of rocks on the basis of their appearance and simple physical properties Describe in simple terms how fossils are formed when things that have lived are trapped within rock Recognise that soils are made from rocks and organic matter	Animals, including humans Identify that animals, including humans, need the right types and amount of nutrition and that they cannot make their own food; they get nutrition from what they eat Identify that humans and some other animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement	Forces and magnets Compare how things move on different surfaces Notice that some forces need contact between two objects, but magnetic forces can act at a distance Observe how magnets attract or repel each other and attract some materials but not others Compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of whether they are attracted to a magnet, and identify some magnetic materials Describe magnets as having two poles	Light Recognise that they need light in order to see things and that darkness is the absence of light Notice that light is reflected from surfaces Recognise that light from the sun can be dangerous and that there are ways to protect their eyes Recognise how shadows are formed when the light from a source is blocked by a solid object Find patterns in the way that the size of shadows change	Plants Identify and describe the function of different parts of a flowering plant:roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers Explore the requirements of plants for life and growth (air, light.water,nutrients from soil, and room to grow) and how they vary from plant to plant Investigate the way in which water is transported within plants Explore the part that flowers play in the life cycle of flowering plants, including	Animals, including humans Identify that animals, including humans, need the right types and amount of nutrition Identify that animals cannot make their own food; they get nutrition from what they eat Understand that animals get nutrition from what they eat	

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			Predict whether magnets will attract or repel each other, depending on which poles are facing		pollination, seed formation and seed dispersal	
Enquiries	Classifying Based on the children's own criteria, classify rocks. (At the beginning of the topic, this will most likely focus on appearance, leading to physical properties at the end of the unit.) Classifying Look at different soils and discuss how they are similar/different. Observing Over Time Observe how soil separates into different layers in water	Classification Classify animals (leading to sorting by into herbivores, carnivores and omnivores). Classification Based on the children's own criteria: classify food items (leading to sorting by nutrients) Pattern Seeking Children generate questions on nutrition such as: Do 'healthy' drinks have less sugar? Does brown bread have more fibre? Classification Children generate questions for investigation into purpose of muscles and skeletons such as: Do people with long arms throw further?	Classifying Based on the children's own criteria: sort materials (leading towards metal/non-metal and magnetic/not magnetic) Classifying Sort toys (leading to what makes them move e.g.push/pull). Comparative/Fair Testing Test how objects move on different surfaces e.g. cars, spinning tops, wind-up/clockwork toys. Comparative/Fair Testing Test the strength of different magnets. Pattern Seeking How do poles affect the way magnets move?	Classifying Based on the children's own criteria: classify light sources (leading to man-made/natural) Classifying Classify materials (leading to reflective/non-reflective, transparent/transluce nt/opaque). Comparative/Fair Testing Test materials for reflectiveness. Test materials for transparency. Investigate shadows (size of shadows, shape of shadows). Researching Why is the sun a danger to our eyes?	Classification Classify food plants based on the children's own criteria as an opening activity and to assess prior knowledge. Observing over time Observe celery (with roots and leaves) in coloured water. Observing over time Observe white carnations (freshly cut) in coloured water. Observing over time Gather seeds and photographic evidence of blossoms/flowers and berries in the school vegetable garden over the half term. Pattern seeking Investigate what	Classification Based on the children's own criteria: classify food items (leading to sorting by nutrients) Pattern Seeking Children generate questions on nutrition such as: Do 'healthy' drinks have less sugar? Does brown bread have more fibre? Researching Look at food packaging to identify the amount of nutrients in different food items. Researching Research which types of food contain which nutrients.

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Can people with shor legs jump higher? Can people with longer legs run faster	Find out how magnets are used in everyday	happens when conditions are changed e.g. more/less light/water, change	
Researching Look at food packaging to identify the amount of nutrients in different food items.	Researching Find out how Ancient Egyptians used magnets	in temperature, nutrients (Baby Bio vs other brands).	
Researching Research which types of food contain which nutrients.			
Researching Generate questions to research about the human skeleton.			

		nutrients in different food items. Researching Research which types of food contain which nutrients. Researching Generate questions to research about the human skeleton.			
Knowledge Matrix	Knowledge Matrix - Pri	or Knowledge and Future	e Learning		
Working Scientifically	Working Scientifically S	Skills Years 3 and 4			
Experiences	Rock Museum -Make a rock museum, open to parents with children showing their exhibits National History Museum Geo bus	London		Kew Gardens Workshop	

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Vocabulary	Rocks: Rock, stone, pebble, boulder, grain, crystals, layers, hard, soft, texture, absorb water, soil, fossil, marble, chalk, granite, sandstone, slate, soil, peat, sandy/chalk/clay soil	Animals including humans - Nutrition, nutrients, carbohydrates, sugars, protein, vitamins, minerals, fibre, fat, water, skeleton, bones, muscles, joints, support, protect, move, skull, ribs, spine	Forces and magnets Force, push, pull, twist, contact force, non-contact force, magnetic force, magnet, strength, bar magnet, ring magnet, attract, repel, magnetic material, metal, iron, steel, poles, north pole, south pole	Light Light, Shadows, Mirror, Reflective, Dark, Reflection	Plants - Photosynthesis, pollen, insect/wind pollination, seed formation, seed dispersal (wind dispersal, animal dispersal, water dispersal)	Animals including humans - Nutrition, nutrients, carbohydrates, sugars, protein, vitamins, minerals, fibre, fat, water, skeleton, bones, muscles, joints, support, protect, move, skull, ribs, spine
Assessment Tasks	TAPS Assessment Working scientifically Reporting on Rocks Reporting on findings from enquiries		TAPS Assessment Working scientifically Magnet Tests Using results to draw simple conclusions, suggest improvements and raise further questions		TAPS Assessment Working Scientifically Close of observation of flowering plants	
Cross - curricular links	Using the theme of volcanoes to link with the theme of rocks by researching and examining pumice rock 21st Century Learning The effects of Global warming on weather and landslides/soil erosion	PSHE The importance of a healthy diet, exercise and sleep	How did the Ancient Egyptians move heavy loads to build the pyramids? Shadoof -Getting water from the Nile using a shadoof.	Investigate shadow size using "Pyramids"	Art Botanical drawing - close observational drawing with labels.	PSHE The importance of a healthy diet, exercise and sleep
Events	Harvest Assembly Black History Month Anti- Bullying Week		Big Garden Birdwatch Book Week Great Big School Clean		STEAM Exhibition Science Week Healthy Schools week Sports Day	3

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Science is:	RESPONSIVE Responds to what is happening right now CREATIVE Linked to science and the arts
	COMMUNITY Has a purpose
	EXPERIENTIAL Is enhanced by experiences

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