



Year 6: Science Overview 2021- 2022/2022 -2023

Topic	<u>Autumn</u> We Are Made by History? <i>Anglo Saxons & Kingdom of Benin</i>	<u>Spring</u> Birth of Nations <i>Vikings & Crime and Punishment (social justice)</i>		<u>Summer</u> Inheriting the World <i>Evolution & inheritance/Microorganisms</i>		
Main focus	Geography Focus		History Focus		Science Focus	
Knowledge	<p>Identify and name the main parts of the human circulatory system, and describe the functions of the heart, blood vessels and blood</p> <p>Describe the ways in which nutrients and water are transported within animals, including humans</p> <p>Recognise the impact of diet, exercise, drugs, and lifestyle on the way their bodies function</p>		<p>Light Recognise that light appears to travel in straight lines</p> <p>Use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain that objects are seen because they give out or reflect light into the eye</p> <p>Explain that we see things because light travels from light sources to our eyes or from light sources to objects and then to our eye</p> <p>Use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain why shadow have the same shape as the objects that cast them</p>	<p>Electricity Associate the brightness of a lamp or the volume of a buzzer with the number and voltage of cells used in the circuit</p> <p>Compare and give reasons for variations in how components function, including the brightness of bulbs, the loudness of buzzers and the on/off position of switches</p> <p>Use recognised symbols when representing a simple circuit in a diagram</p>	<p>Evolution and Inheritance Recognise that living things have changed over time and that fossils provide information about living things that inhabited the Earth millions of years ago.</p> <p>Recognise that living things produce offspring of the same kind, but normally offspring vary and are not identical to their parent</p> <p>Identify how animals and plants are adapted to suit their environment in different ways and that adaptation may lead to evolution.</p>	<p>Living Things and Their Habitats Describe how living things are classified into broad groups according to common observable characteristics and based on similarities and differences, including micro-organisms, plants and animals.</p> <p>Describe how living things can be classified into broad groups and give reasons for those classifications</p>



<p>Enquiries</p>	<p>Researching - Children present what they've learned in different ways How does the circulation system work? How does our circulatory system keep us alive? How does our heart work?</p> <p>Observing Over Time Observe pulse rates before, during and after exercise.</p> <p>Pattern Seeking Children generate questions for investigation such as: ▪ Do older people have lower pulse rates? ▪ Do boys have higher pulse rates?</p>	<p>What is light and how do we see it?</p> <p>Which material is most reflective?</p> <p>How can we see different colours?</p> <p>How does my shadow change over the course of a day?</p> <p>Why do some people need to wear glasses?</p> <p>Comparitive/Fair testing Investigate the shape of shadows and link this to light travelling in straight lines.</p>	<p>How would you group electrical components and appliances based on your own criteria?</p> <p>Can you incorporate a switch into a circuit to turn it on and off?</p> <p>Comparative/Fair testing Does the number/voltage of cells in a circuit affect the brightness of a bulb or the loudness of a buzzer?</p> <p>Which type of fruit makes the best battery?</p>	<p>What is adaptation? Workshop at London Zoo</p> <p>Researching Research different types of a species and their characteristics making them suitable for different habitats e.g. penguins.</p> <p>Pattern seeking Bird beak investigation - Compare the effectiveness of different beaks in collecting food.</p> <p>What have you inherited from your parents? Bring in baby pictures?</p> <p>Sorting activity - Inherited characteristics or environmental characteristics</p>	<p>Classifying Classify plants into flowering, mosses, ferns and conifers, based on specific characteristics.</p> <p>Classifying Create a branching database/ dichotomous key to classify a set of living things.</p> <p>Researching Research the characteristics of a vertebrate/ invertebrate group and present what they've learned in different ways</p> <p>Researching Research how microorganisms can be helpful/harmful</p>
<p>Knowledge Matrix</p>	<p>Knowledge Matrix - Pre-Knowledge and Future Learning</p>				
<p>Working Scientifically</p>	<p>Working Scientifically Skills Year 5 and Year 6</p>				
<p>Experiences</p>	<p>Heart dissection</p>			<p>What is adaptation? Workshop at London Zoo</p>	

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Key Vocabulary	Animals including humans - Heart, pulse, rate, pumps, blood, blood vessels, transported, lungs, oxygen, carbon dioxide, nutrients, water, muscles, cycle, circulatory system, diet, exercise, drugs, lifestyle	Light: Light, light source, dark, absence of light, transparent, translucent, opaque, shiny, matt, surface, shadow, reflect, mirror, sunlight, dangerous, straight lines, light rays	Electricity- Circuit, complete circuit, circuit diagram, circuit symbol, cell, battery, bulb, buzzer, motor, switch, voltage	Evolution and Inheritance - Offspring, sexual reproduction, vary, characteristics, suited, adapted, environment, inherited, species, fossils	Living things and their habitats - Classification, micro-organism, invertebrates, vertebrates, offspring, sexual reproduction, vary, characteristics, suited, adapted, environment, inherited, species, fossils
Assessment Tasks	Comparitive/Fair testing TAPS Assessment - Heart Rate Poses To investigate the effect of stationary exercises on heart rate	Comparitive/Fair testing TAPS Assessment - Investigating Shadows Investigate the shape of shadows and link this to light travelling in straight lines.			Classifying TAPS Assessment - Outdoor Keys Create a branching database/ dichotomous key to classify a set of living things.
Cross-curricular tasks	To write a non-chronological report on the circulatory system.	Macbeth Shadow Puppets Make a Viking Sun compass https://www.moortow.n.leeds.sch.uk/blog/2018/10/24/making-viking-sun-compass/		RSE - Sexual reproduction	21st Century learning Environmentalism - we can make a difference. A study of ecological movements, for example, the Chipko movement
Events	Y6 trip to France Black History Month Anti- Bullying Week	Big Garden Birdwatch Book Week Crick Workshops Science Week - Theme "Connections"		STEAM Exhibition Healthy Schools Week Sports day	

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			Great Big School Clean			
Core texts	<p>Grimm Tales Philip Pullman</p> <p>Beowulf by Michael Morpurgo</p>	<p>Children of the Quicksands Efua Traore</p> <p>Guardian Article 'Germany returns bronzes'</p>	<p>Macbeth William Shakespeare</p> <p>Shakespeare Stories Andrew Garfield</p> <p>Mr William Shakespeare's plays by Marica Williams</p> <p>Macbeth Graphic Nove</p>	<p>The Island Armin Greder</p> <p>Little Freak film Edwin Schaap</p> <p>Persuasive speeches (Barack Obama; Martin Luthor King; Emma Watson; Afua Hirsch) - Equal rights</p>	<p>Titanium Music video - supernatural powers</p>	<p>Darwin's Dragons Lindsay Galvin</p> <p>On the Origin of Species by Sabina Radeva</p> <p>Can we save the Tiger? by Martin Jenkins</p> <p>The Hidden Forest by Jeannie Baker</p>
Science is:	<p>RESPONSIVE Responds to what is happening right now</p> <p>CREATIVE Linked to science and the arts</p> <p>COMMUNITY Has a purpose</p> <p>EXPERIENTIAL Is enhanced by experiences</p>					